ENGLISH

Instruction: You are offered the test items with one correct answer from four proposed ones. 1. Antonym of **flood** A) tsunami B) earthquake C) forest fire D) drought 2. The correct ending of the proverb My home, my.... A) city B) noisy C) castle D) country 3. Correct variant If only I __famous. A) will be B) am C) shall be D) was 4. Negative prefix A) re-B) pre-C) photo-D) un-5. Adverb of manner A) never B) always C) everywhere D) carefully 6. Correct article The project gives free medical care to ____ poor. A) a B) the C) an D) -7. The correct form of "to be going to" My mum _____to help me. A) shall going

B) would going

C) is goingD) will going

What would you like to eat?
a sandwich, please.
A) I'll have
B) will help
C) have
D) I will be have
9. Correct tense
Lorries have been sold.
A) Past Simple Passive
B) Future Simple Passive
C) Present Perfect Passive
D) Present Continuous Passive
10. Second conditional
A) present simple/present simple
B) past perfect/would V
C) past simple/would have V3/ed
D) past simple/would V
11. Indefinite pronoun
A) his
B) anyone
C) myself
D) I
12. The right variant
We have to perform the surgery the risk.
A) regadless of
B) however
C) in spite
D) in case
13. Correct word
Ben got a new phone, John has to save up for one.
A) however
B) despite
C) but
D) whereas
14. Prefix with the meaning 'before'
A) under-
B) over-
C) pre-
D) trans-

8. Correct variant

15. Correct verb for the construction
+sb+to-infinitive
A) agree
B) demand
C) advise
D) suggest
16. Meaning of the words in bold
Dad didn't use to work on Saturdays but he does now.
A) past action
B) habitual action
C) completely action
D) past habit
17. Correct variant
you have an appointment, you have to wait a while.
A) whether/will
B) if/would
C) would have/unless
D) unless/will
18. Verbs followed by both infinitive and gerund with different meaning
A) like
B) prefer
C) love
D) stop
19. The correct variant
a colony of bats inside.
A) its
B) there's
C) this
D) it's
20. Impersonal structure
A) I bought it yesterday.
B) It is too late to send a message.
C) I never go there.
D) They don't know our address. Call them.

Instruction: You are offered the test items on the base of text with one correct answer from four proposed ones. Read the text attentively and do the items.

Brazil has the largest population in Latin America, with an estimated 214 million inhabitants. The majority live in the south-central area, which includes the industrial cities of San Paulo, Rio de Janeiro, and Belo Horizonte. Urban growth has been rapid: by 1991, 75% of the total population were living in urban areas. Rapid growth has aided economic development but has also created serious social, environmental, and political problems for major cities. Despite these issues, Brazil is world renowned for its stunning natural beauty.

Four major groups make up the Brazilian population: the Portuguese, who colonised Brazil in the 16th century; Africans brought to Brazil as slaves; various other European, Middle Eastern, and Asian immigrant groups who have settled in Brazil since the mid-19th century. Although the major European ethnic group of Brazil was once Portuguese, subsequent waves of immigration have contributed to a diverse ethnic and cultural heritage.

From 1875 until 1960, about 5 million Europeans emigrated to Brazil, settling mainly in the four southern states of San Paulo, Parana, Santa Catarina, and Rio Grande do Sul. Immigrants have come mainly from Italy, Germany, Spain, Japan, Poland, and the Middle East. The largest Japanese community outside Japan is in Sao Paulo. Brazil is the only Portuguese - speaking nation in the Americas. Portuguese Conquistador, Pedro Cabral, led his fleet of ships to the shores of the country now called Brazil in April 1500.

- 21. Where is Brazil situated?
 - A) in the UK
 - B) in Canada
 - C) in Paris
 - D) in Latin America
- 22. What impacted on economic development?
 - A) annual reduction
 - B) urban growth
 - C) rural decrease
 - D) urban decrease
- 23. The correct variant

Brazil is famous for

- A) its natural beauty
- B) its movies
- C) its economic development
- D) its writers

- 24. The correct option
 - 1991
 - A) nineteen ninety one
 - B) one hundred nine and ninety one
 - C) one nine nine one
 - D) one double nine one
- 25. Similar to 'amazing'
 - A) awesome
 - B) awful
 - C) stunning
 - D) terrible

Instruction: You are offered the test items with one or more correct answers.

There can be up to three correct answers in the test items with one or more correct answers.

- 26. The correct dependent preposition(s)
 - A) agree to
 - B) scared for
 - C) angry from
 - D) bored with
 - E) interested in
 - F) tired of
- 27. Abstract noun(s)
 - A) bread
 - B) happiness
 - C) gold
 - D) furniture
 - E) beauty
 - F) advice
- 28. Adverbs of time
 - A) tomorrow
 - B) recently
 - C) today
 - D) well
 - E) nicely
 - F) here
- 29. Possessive pronouns
 - A) their
 - B) yours
 - C) these
 - D) hers
 - E) ours
 - F) my
- 30. Adjective suffixes
 - A) -ant
 - B) -ous
 - C) -ish
 - D) -sion
 - E) -ment
 - F) -or

- 31. Correct construction(s)
 - ... a lamp, an inkpot and some pencils on the table.
 - A) is there
 - B) there was
 - C) are there
 - D) was there
 - E) there is
 - F) there are
- 32. The same meaning(s) to "I don't mind your going out"
 - A) I don't want you to go out.
 - B) I make you go out.
 - C) I am against your going out.
 - D) I don't let you go out.
 - E) I am for your going out.
 - F) You can go out if you like.
- 33. Infinitive is used without -to
 - A) may
 - B) decide
 - C) what
 - D) sorry
 - E) let
 - F) see
- 34. Complex Subject
 - A) I had been working for a long time when my brother came.
 - B) It is said that they know English well.
 - C) I saw a good film.
 - D) It is easy to say that.
 - E) We often go to the cinema.
 - F) My friends were invited to the party.
- 35. The same meaning as

He said, 'You never talk to me'.

- A) He reminded me to talk to him.
- B) He commanded to talk to him.
- C) He said that I never talked to him.
- D) He promised to talk to me.
- E) He complained about my never talking to him.
- F) He denied my talking to him.